



Dr Paul Whyte Managing Consultant Isis Enterprise



What I am going to talk about

- Introduction to Isis Innovation
- The University Business Interface differences
- ELEMENTS for successful Technology Innovation

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- University
- Business
- Government
- It is difficult but not impossible
- How it works (we think)



Isis Innovation Ltd

A company 100% owned by the University of Oxford



Oxford Technology Transfer IP, Patents, Licences, Spin-outs, Material Sales, Seed Funds, Isis Angels Network



Oxford Expertise Consulting, Services



Isis Consulting Business Technology Transfer and Innovation Management



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Isis Innovation Staff

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Staff: 61

PhD's: 29

MBA's: 17



Isis Enterprise

- Isis Enterprise offers consulting advice in technology transfer and innovation, based upon the success of Isis as Oxford University's technology transfer company
- Isis Enterprise clients and services:
 - Governments:
 - Policy and benchmarking studies
 - Companies:

Out-licensing support, in-licensing support, technology scouting, interim management, open innovation partnerships

• Universities and research institutes:

Training, secondments, long-term partnerships, project specific support

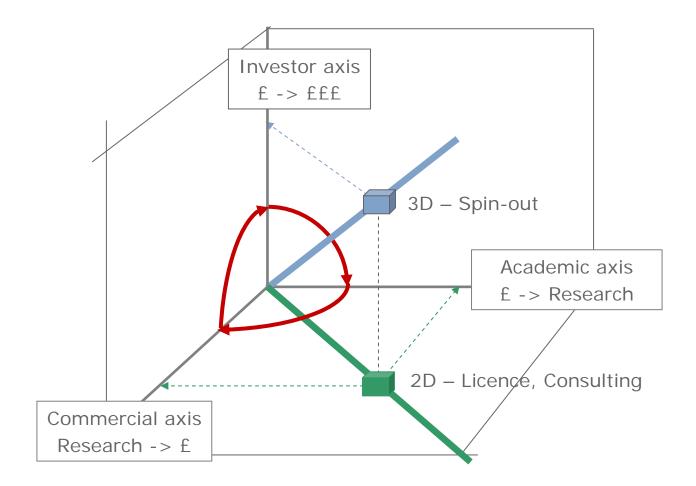
• Investors:

Investment readiness, technical and market due diligence

• Last year Isis delivered work for clients from 30 countries and established an overseas presence in Singapore



Acting as Multi-dimensional Intermediaries

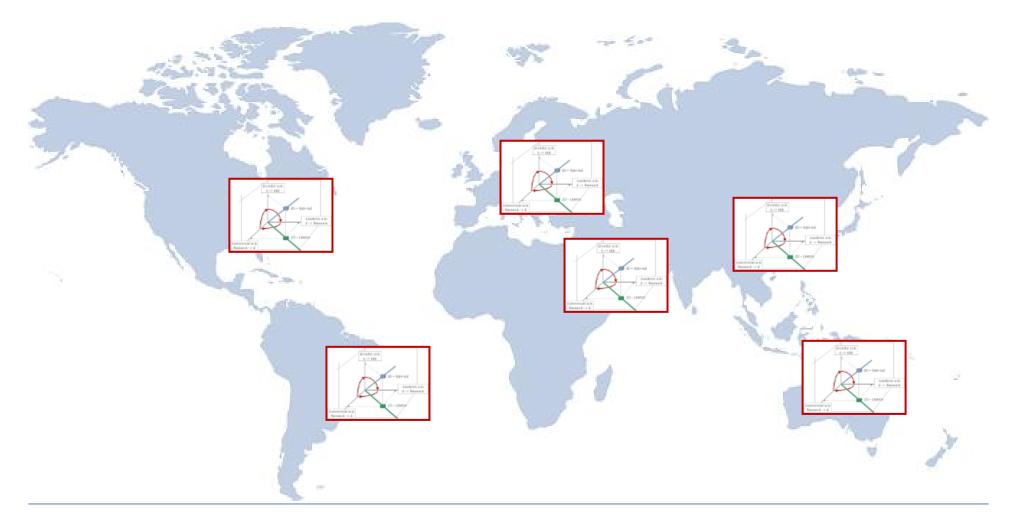




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Intermediaries - International



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University Role

- Dissemination of new knowledge
- Teaching & Research
- Generally open, free disclosure, to anyone
- And sometimes also through commercial routes
- But Universities do not exist to commercialise research
- So It is not sensible to commercialise research *inside* a University



Universities as a Source of Technology

Oxford University

- £346 million Research Spend (2006/2007)
 - Highest University in UK
- Research Spend by UK Companies, Oxford ranked 12th
 - GSK, AZ, BAE, BT, Unilever, Ford, Shell, Airbus, RR, RBS, Pfizer (DTI R&D Scoreboard)

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- Isis is 4th highest UK filer of PCT patent applications WIPO
 - (after GSK, Unilever, BT)
 - 100th US patent granted in 2007
 - 400 Patent families





• Oxford spends £346m pa on research

• Isis spends £1.3m on patenting

 You don't make money out of technology – you make money out of a business that successfully commercialises technology





- Businesses exist to make money for their shareholders (almost exclusively)
- Some choose to do this by commercialising technology
- This can be a really profitable plan



Universities and Business

- So it makes sense for Universities to work with Businesses so that Businesses can commercialise University research
- Universities do this in a number of different ways:
- Licensing to existing business
- Setting up new businesses (spin-outs)
- And others, e.g:
 - Research collaborations
 - Consulting



Chalk and Cheese







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Chalk and Cheese

- Universities and Businesses are very different
- A university is not meant to be like a company
- A company is not designed to be like a university
- Remembering this really helps when trying to get them to work together







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Summary - Culture Change & Making Connections



- Universities and Businesses are very different; a university is not meant to be like a company, nor a company designed to be like a university; remembering this helps when trying to bring them together
- The ideas are in the University; if University provides strong TT resource, the cultures can be connected and ideas transferred
- If the University doesn't lead, the University may not receive its share of the benefits
- Technology is a cost; you don't make money out of technology; you make money out of a business that successfully commercialises technology



Why do technology transfer/ commercialisation?

• Why?

- To transfer knowledge (incl. technology) from the research base, out into business so that better products and services are developed for the benefit of the health and wealth of society
- A good thing?
 - New ideas are developed
 - Economic impact
 - Within the research organisation
 - More widely
 - Job creation in new spin outs, in established industry
 - Wealth creation and efficiency savings



Who wants it?

- Who wants Technology transfer to happen?
 - Governments
 - Who is this? Civil servants, General Public?
 - Wider European legislators
 - Why?
 - Job Creation
 - Company creation and technology base
 - External Investment
 - Economic Growth from Innovation
 - Business
 - Local, international
 - Universities
 - Getting your research out to the public and used



What it can encompass

- Technology transfer
- Innovation of Technology (€)
 - Technology
 - IP or Protection
- Knowledge exchange/transfer
 - Sharing of knowledge, Ideas or experience
 - Collaborative Problem solving
 - Network Building to foster innovation
 - Business, Governments, Universities



What can you get out of it?

- Funding up-front
 - Capital investment
 - 'Third stream funding'
 - Industry investment including own spin-outs
- Returns to your Institute
 - Royalties from licenses
 - Equity from spin-outs
 - Income from consultancy
 - Relationships and networks
 - Good PR from research for the public good



Elements of University Technology Transfer

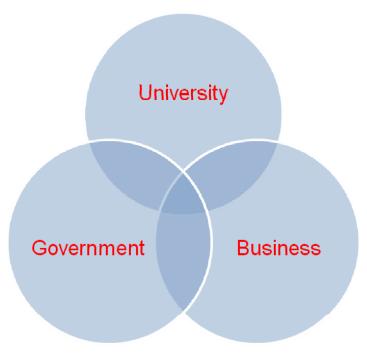
Requires a wide range of elements in place

In three Groups

- University
- Business
- Government

These elements are universal Some are essential; some just help

It is difficult; no-one said it was easy



Oxford & Isis provide one example of how to do it – there are many models





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Supportive Vice-Chancellor

& Senior Researchers

Research Activity

High volume & quality

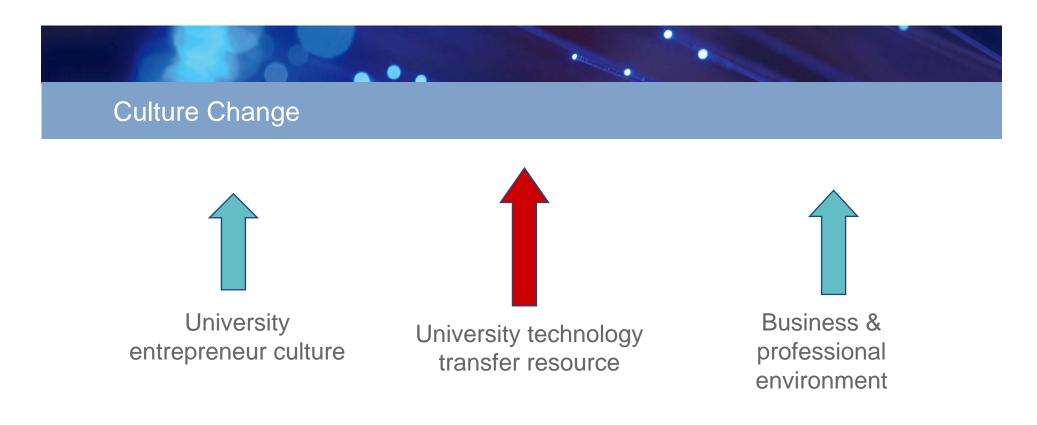
University IP Policy

Ownership

Revenue sharing

Disputes

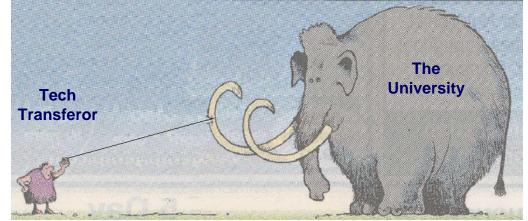




- All three must proceed together but the University must lead the change because..
- The ideas are in the University
 - If University provides TT resource, change will happen faster
 - Oxford pre-Isis 1 spin-out every 4 years, post Isis 6 per year
- If the University doesn't lead, the University may not receive its share of the benefits



"Managing" a university



Like leading an elephant with a thin rubber band

Walk along with the elephant

- In whichever direction it chooses to go
- Until it gets used to you

Start to pull gently on your rubber band

- If you pull too hard or too suddenly
- You will break your rubber band and
- Have no further influence over the elephant





• Don't think you will ever have complete control





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Isis Return on Investment to the University

- University Investment in Isis for Patenting
- Financial Returns
 - Distributions back to University
 - Research Funding from spin-outs to University
 - Research Funding from Translation Awards to University
 - Hefce Third Stream Government Funding
 - Spin-outs Cash
 - Spin-outs Value
 - Oxford University Challenge Seed Fund
 - New Patents
 - Strategic IP Deals eg: Chemistry, IBME
- Other, non-financial, benefits to the University
 - Transferring technologies to improve lives
 - Promoting good news stories from University
 - University staff recruitment & retention
 - Managing Oxford Innovation Society









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- Supportive Vice-Chancellor
 - & Senior Researchers
- Research Activity
 - High volume & quality
- University IP Policy
 - Ownership
 - Revenue sharing
 - Disputes



Oxford University & Isis Innovation Ltd

- Oxford University is the oldest university in the Englishspeaking world (founded c.1188), and a leader in learning, teaching and research
- Today Most Powerful UK Research University
 - Research Fortnight, December 2008 Research Assessment Exercise
- Highest University Research Spend in UK
 - £451 million (2008/2009)
- Isis Innovation Ltd is a company 100% owned by the University of Oxford, established in 1987
- Isis *helps* researchers *who wish to* commercialise the results of their research
- A world-class Technology Innovation business
- Isis 5th highest British PCT patent applicant
 - WIPO Data, 2002-2008 composite; behind Unilever, GSK, BT, Qinetiq



Christ Church, Oxford

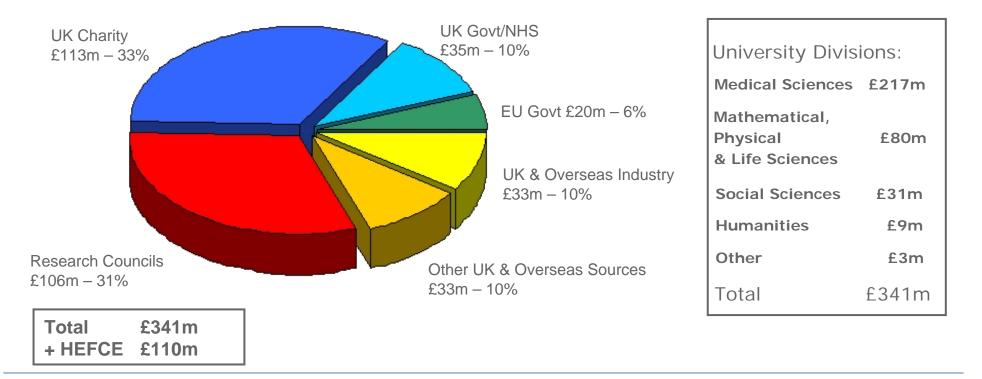


Ewert House, Oxford



Oxford Research Funding 2008-2009 £451 million

- Highest University Research Spend in UK
- 4,400 researchers and 8,000 postgraduate students
- R & D Spend by UK Companies, Oxford would be ranked 9th 2009 EU Industrial R&D Investment Scoreboard
- Most Powerful UK Research University 2008 Research Assessment Exercise Research Fortnight





University of Oxford: Research Themes

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Medical Sciences	Maths, Physical & Life Sciences	Social Sciences	Humanities	
Cancer	Chemistry for Biomedicine	Global Governance	World Religion	
Infectious Diseases, Immunology, Pathogens	Computational Biology	Global Public Health Issues	Applied Ethics	
Diabetes, Endocrinology, Metabolism	Climate Prediction, Science of Energy & Environment	Energy: Policy and Society	Post-Colonial Literature	
Cardiovascular Disease	Biomedical Engineering	Environment and Business	Latin America: Culture, Language and Literature	
Genomics	E-Science	Politics & International Relations	Oriental Studies: Korea, Japan, India, Middle East	
Musculo-skeletal Science (joint & bone)	Bio-Nanotechnology	Area Studies: China, South Asia, India	Modern Chinese & South Asian Studies	
Neuroscience	Quantative Finance	Evolutionary & Cognitive Anthropology	Philosophy of Cognitive Science & Neuroscience	
Reproduction & Development	Quantum Information Processing	Poverty & Refugee Studies	Ethnomusicology	
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Resources to Support Commercialisation

UNIVERSITY COUNCIL Four Academic Divisions Intellectual Property Advisory Group Maths, Physical & Life-Medical Sciences -Humanities-Social Sciences Sciences Division Division Division Division Anthropology Biochemistry Chemistry Chinese Studies Archaeology Physiological Sciences Computer Science Classics Area Studies Psychology Earth Sciences Comparative Philology Development Studies Dunn School of Pathology Engineering Science Ruskin School of Drawing Economics Pharmacology Materials English Language & Literature **Educational Studies** Physiology, Anatomy and Genetics Mathematics History Environment Anaesthetics Physics Medieval & Modern Languages Internet Institute Cardiovascular Medicine Plant Sciences Modern Middle Eastern Studies Law **Clinical Laboratory Sciences** Statistics Music Saïd Business School **Clinical Medicine** Zoology **Oriental Studies** Politics Clinical Neurology Philosophy Social Policy and Social Work Clinical Pharmacology Theology Sociology Human Genetics Medical Oncology Molecular Medicine Obstetrics and Gynaecology Administration Ophthalmology Orthopaedic Surgery Regional Paediatrics Liaison Psychiatry Public Health and Primary Health Care Radiation Oncology and Biology Surgery **Centre for Entrepreneurship Begbroke Science Park** Research Services **Isis Innovation Limited**

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& Innovation



- Supportive Vice-Chancellor
 - & Senior Researchers
- Research Activity
 - High volume & quality
- University IP Policy
 - Ownership
 - Revenue sharing
 - Disputes



Intellectual Property Policy (from October 2000)

- University claims ownership of all employees' and students' IP rights resulting from University research activities
- The University assists those researchers who wish to commercialise their research
 - by patenting, licences, spinout companies & consultancy
- Researchers share the benefits
 - Royalty shares from licences
 - Equity in spinout companies
 - Income from personal consultancy



Policy

Technology Licensing

Total net revenue	Researchers personally	University General Fund	Departme Funds	ent Isis Innovation
to £72k	61%	9%	0%	30%
to £720k	31.5%	21%	17.5%	30%
over £720k	15.75%	28%	26.25%	30%

- Spin-outs
- Share ownership
- Share Proceeds

Spin-out shares are owned by the University, not Isis

Proceeds allocated:	Department	25%
	John Fell Fund	10%
	Capital Fund	50%
	'Isis'	15%



Elements - University

- Supportive Vice-Chancellor
 - & Senior Researchers

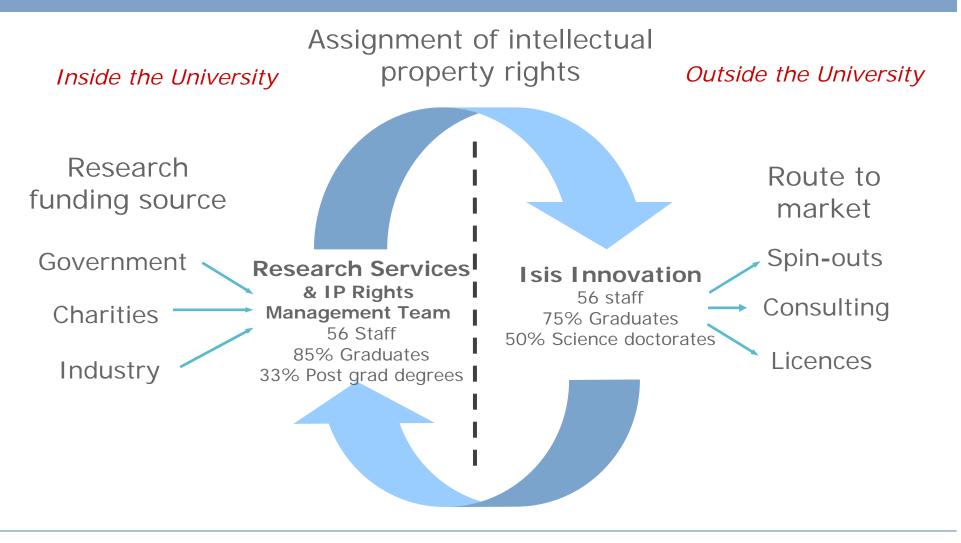
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- Research Activity
 - High volume & quality
- University IP Policy
 - Ownership
 - Revenue sharing
 - Disputes
- Research Services Office
 - Research funders



Transfer of Intellectual Property





Elements - University

- Supportive Vice-Chancellor
 - & Senior Researchers
- Research Activity
 - High volume & quality
- University IP Policy
 - Ownership
 - Revenue sharing
 - Disputes
- Research Services Office
 - Research funders
- Access to Proof of Concept / Seed funds





Oxford University Challenge Seed Fund £4m

- Launched in 1999 University £1m Treasury, Wellcome, Gatsby £3m
- Development projects, spin-out seed equity; in a total of 83 projects
- £4m investment has resulted in Equity stakes in 22 spin-outs, 7 completed licensing deals & 33 active technology projects
- These 21 spin-outs have attracted £40m seed/venture investment



Elements - University

- Supportive Vice-Chancellor
 - & Senior Researchers
- Research Activity
 - High volume & quality
- University IP Policy
 - Ownership
 - Revenue sharing
 - Disputes
- Research Services Office
 - Research funders
- Access to Proof of Concept / Seed funds
- Technology Transfer Office



Lighthouse



- Set up a lighthouse to attract researchers
- Tech transfer office spends a lot of time and effort on p.r. directed inside the university
 - Mailshots, newsletters, magazine articles, www, lectures, handouts, IP training, local radio, local TV local newspapers, national media etc.
- Tech transfer staff attend department seminars, college lunches, parties, pubs, shops, cinemas etc.
 - In other words they live in the same world as researchers



Isis Innovation 2000 - 2009

Year Ending Mar: 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009

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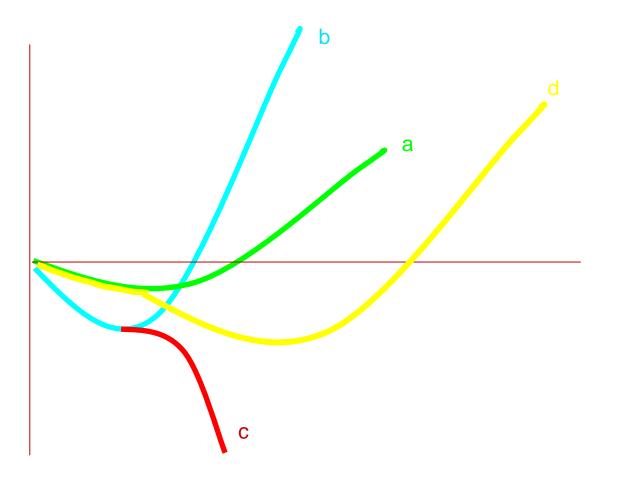
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University Investment £m	£1m	£1m	£1m	£1m	£1m	£1.2m	£1.2m	£1.2m	£1.2m	£2.5m
Staff	17	21	23	34	36	36	36	37	44	54
Open Projects	319	415	476	629	725	764	784	841	978	1112
Patents filed (pa)	55	63	82	65	52	55	57	49	68	64
Licence Deals (pa)	21	36	42	37	31	38	45	50	74	69
Consultancy (pa)				34	50	48	59	89	102	151
Spin-outs (pa)	6	8	8	7	3	4	6	7	4	4
Annual T/O £	£0.9m	1.2m	1.7m	2.0m	2.3m	2.7m	2.9m	3.6m	4.8m	5.6m



Cash flow profiles



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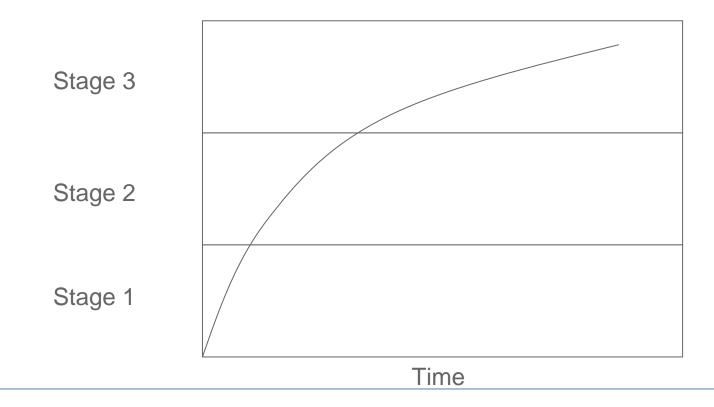
The Characteristic Stages of a Technology Transfer Office

- Stage 1 Funding and resource driven
 - Seeking critical mass and need for success stories
 - Funder metrics are critical
- Stage 2 Deal driven
 - Seeking to cover costs
 - Need to sustain networks
 - Profit and loss are an increasingly important metric
- Stage 3 Market consideration driven?
 - Driven by investor concerns or protectable market positions rather than 'chance'?



The Learning Curve

The duration of each stage is dependent on many factors





Key Factors in Progressing through the TTO stages

Stage 1

- Quantity of research
- Quality of research
- Buy-in of academics
- Buy-in of investors
- 'Loose' money around
- National framework support
- Entrepreneurs available
- Successes

KPIs driven by funders

Stage 2

- No of proposals in system
- Strength of developing networks
- Quality of TT staff
- Deals done
- Costs, sales and margins
- Culture change occurring
- Strength of TT model

KPIs driven by organisation



Popular KPIs in Progressing through the TTO stages

Stage 1

- Patents
- No. Spin-outs
- Licence income
- Consultancy income
- Pipeline agreements signed

Stage 2

- No. academics involved
- Proposal development pipeline
- Partnership agreements
- Deals done
- Costs, sales and margins

KPIs driven by funders

Measurable, externally auditable

KPIs driven by organisation

Sustainable business





- Seed & Venture Capital
- Business Angels



Investment Sources

Oxford University Challenge Seed Fund

- Launched with £4m in 1999
- University provided £1m; and HM Treasury, Wellcome, Gatsby £3m
- Total of £5.7m invested in 102 projects development, seed equity
- Resulting in Equity stakes in 31 spin-outs, 4 completed licensing deals & 33 active technology projects
- These 31 spin-outs have attracted £80m seed/venture investment

Isis Angels Network

- Business Angels
- Seed/Venture Capital
- Private Equity
- 100 members
- Events
- No Charges



Oxford Spin-outs (pre 2000)

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1959		Oxford Instruments *
1977		Oxford Lasers
1988		Oxford Glycosciences *
1989		Oxford Molecular *
1992		Oxford Asymmetry *
1994		PowderJect *
1995		Oxford Gene Technology
1996		Oxford Biomedica *
1997		Oxagen
1998	5	Opsys, Synaptica, Prolysis, Celoxica *, Sense Therapeutic
1999	6	Medigene(Avidex) *, Oxxon Pharmaccines, Dash, Oxonica *, AuC Sensing, OMIA
		*Stock Exchange Listing

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Oxford Spin-outs (post 2000)

2000	7	Third Phase, Mindweavers, Oxford BioSignals, Oxford BioSensors, TolerRx, OXIVA, Pharma DM
2001	7	OxLoc, Oxford Bee Co, Oxford Ancestors, Novarc, Oxford ArchDigital, Natural Motion, Inhibox
2002	9	Pharminox, Minervation, Spinox, Zyentia, Oxitec, Oxford Immunotec, ORRA, GlycoForm, BioAnalab
2003	4	Summit (Vastox) *, ReOx, Riotech, OCSI
2004	4	Avacta(OMD) *, G-Nostics, Surface Therapeutics, EKB Technology
2005	5	Oxford Nanolabs, Oxford RF Sensors, Oxbridge Pulsars, Celleron, Oxford Catalysts *
2006	7	TDeltaS, Oxford Medistress, Particle Therapeutic, Aurox, Oxford Advanced Surfaces *, Cytox, OxTox
2007	4	Eykona Technologies, Clinox, Oxford Biodynamics, Crysalin
2008	4	Semmle, Oxford-Emergent TB Consortium, ISE, Organox
2009	3	Oxford Financial Computing, Zyoxel, Oxford Yasa Motors

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Total external investment to date in spin-outs since 2000: **£266m**£36m 1st round Seed/Business Angels – average amount invested £850k; 1/3rd > £1m invested.£230m follow-on Venture/Institution Capital* stock exchange listing





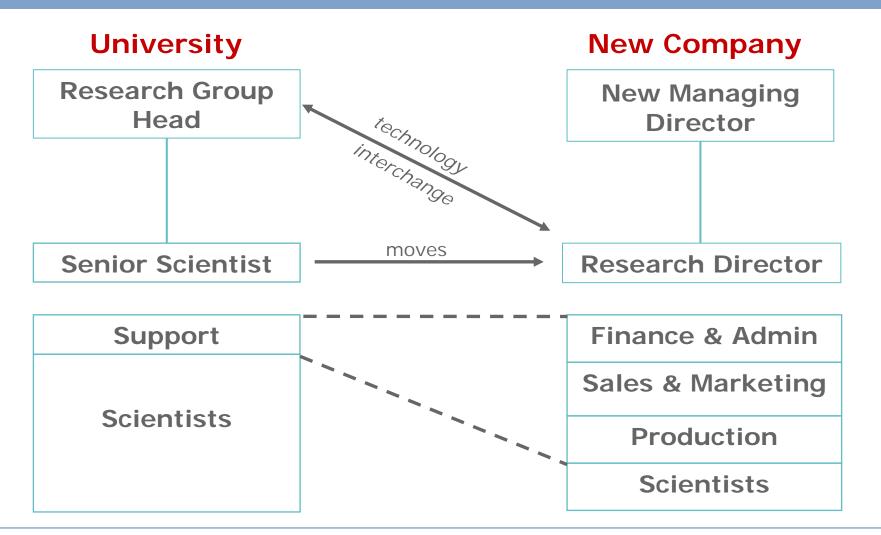
Business Angels

• Seed & Venture Capital

• Entrepreneurs



Spin-out Strategy



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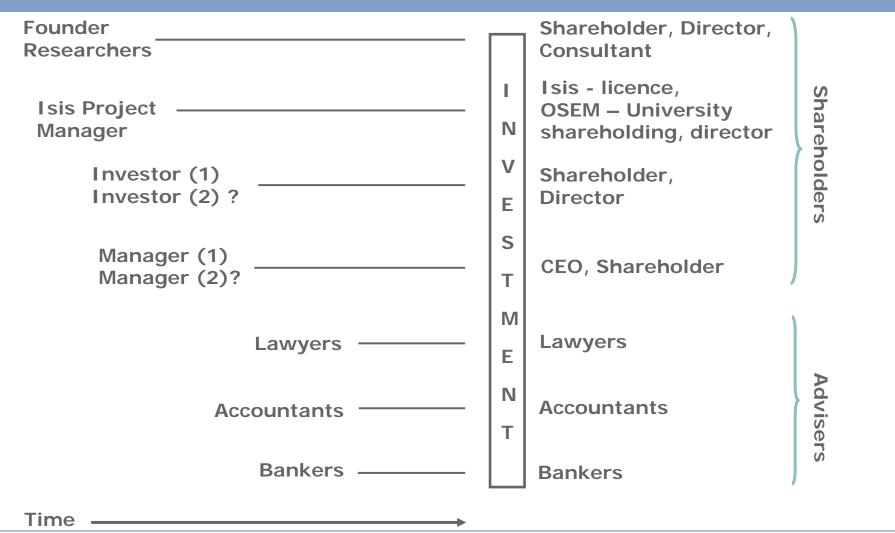


Elements - Business

- Business Angels
- Seed & Venture Capital
- Entrepreneurs
- Professional Advisers
 - Banks
 - Accountants
 - Lawyers
 - Property



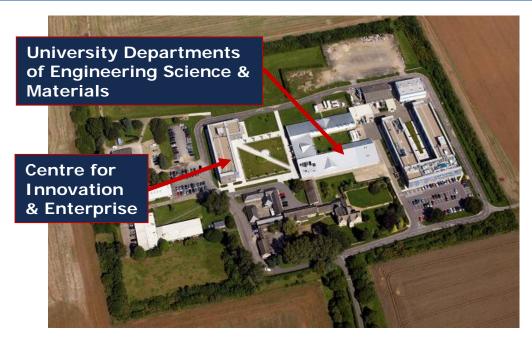
Spin-outs – The Players



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Begbroke Science Park



- Spin-outs on site:
- Prolysis/Biota Europe
- Oxford Gene Technology
- Oxonica
- Oxford Advanced Surfaces
- Oxford Biodynamics
- Particle Therapeutics
- Owned & operated by Oxford University, 5 miles west from the city centre
- University research labs;
- University Supercomputer operated by e-research centre
- Business incubator & premises for new companies
- Central meeting room and café





- Business Angels
- Seed & Venture Capital
- Entrepreneurs
- Professional Advisers
 - Banks
 - Accountants
 - Lawyers
 - Property
- Innovative Technology companies
 - As Licensees
- Business Networks



OIS Meeting & Dinner



• Tea & coffee reception

- Academic
 presentation
- Sponsor presentation
- Champagne reception
- Dinner in College
- After dinner drinks

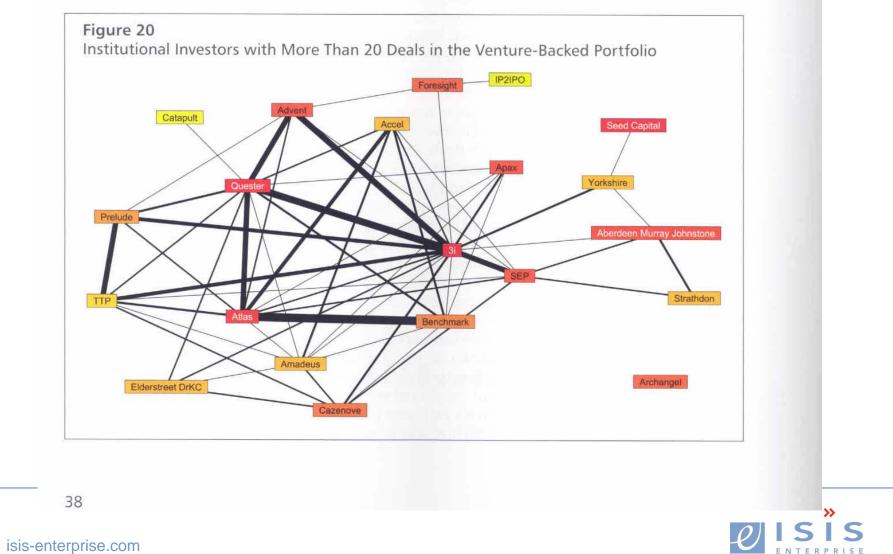


VC Co-investment

(source Library House)

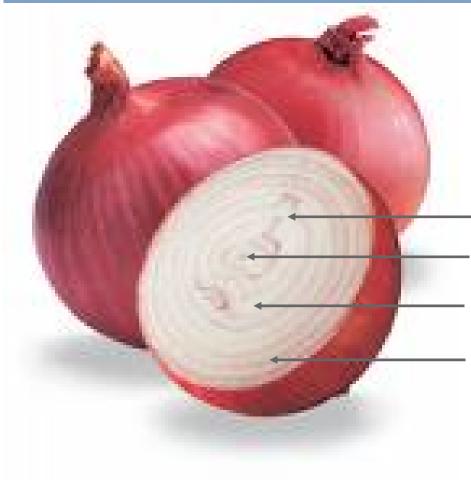
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Layers in the Innovation Ecosystem



Innovative companies, investors, entrepreneurs,

University People – Researchers, TTO, Administrators Professional advisers – patent attorneys, lawyers, accountants, banks, commercial property managers, pr, head-hunters, consultants, students, journalists

Other universities



Elements – Government "Charitable eg Welcome Trust"

- Tax incentives
 - SME Benefits
 - CGT & Income Tax
 - Tax credits & Tax relief
- Grant programmes
 - Technology Transfer
 - Businesses
 - Eg Welcome Trust Translational Awards "Bridging the Gap"

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• Government Policy



Different legislative approaches comparison: US and UK

- United States Bayh Dole (1980)
 - Grants Universities, small business and 'Not for Profits' ownership of IPRs from Federally funded research, incl. joint funded.
 - In exchange, among other requirements:
 - Report all disclosed inventions, file for patent protection, and actively attempt to commercialise
 - Grant the Fed. Gov. a non-excl, non-transferable, irrevocable license.
 - Share royalties with inventors; Use remaining income on research and education
 - Funders have 'March In' Rights.
 - To date no government agency has exercised its rights.
 - NIH has been more active and 'big pharma' is aware
- No centrally funded TT support programme
- Other countries have adopted a similar approach, *e.g.* Japan (1999), China, Brazil, Malaysia and others with India reviewing policy



United Kingdom

- No United Kingdom equivalent to Bayh-Dole
 - But: In mid1980s Universities granted the rights to exploit publicly funded IP (formally held by British Technology Group BTG).
 - No impact on Industry funded IP
 - No formal legislative requirement for inventions disclosure, patenting or commercialisation of IPRs.
 - Although:
 - Government 'requires' publically funded research to show economic and societal impact and benefit
 - From 1997 Government provides centrally funded support to University TT offices and Public Sector Research Establishments for:
 - Higher Education Innovation fund; PSRE funding; Central funding for TT training



Activity since the 1970s

• US

- Active TTOs since 1970s
- Greater clarity on law post Bayh- Dohl
- This spurred the development of TTOs
- Evidence suggests inventions get 'hidden' or not disclosed
- Also prompting debate on the value of patenting when commercialising
- Not universally popular with US private funders!

• UK

- Earliest TTOs in late 1980s, increasing in late 90s with additional development funding
- UK IP Office guidelines first issued in 2002
- Government consulted on, did not introduced B-D 'style' legislation.
- Private and public sector did not welcome the possibility
- When collaborating on US federally funded research, required to largely follow B-D



Comparing some KPIs* - per \$100 million research investment – 2004

US

- Invention disclosures 40.4
- Patent Applications 25.5
- Patent grants 8.8
- Licenses executed 11
- Start-ups/ Spin-outs 1.1
- Licensing income as a share of research revenue – 2.9%

UK

- Invention disclosures 48.3
- Patent Applications 16.3
- Patent grants 6.6
- Licenses executed 13.5
- Start-ups/ Spin-outs 3.5
- Licensing income as a share of research revenue 1.1%

Irrespective of legislation – people (incl. Academics and TTO staff), competitive products/ ideas from research', the 'right environment', funding, and links to markets are key

*From: Developing internationally comparable indicators for the commercialisation of publicly-funded research, 2006





Requires a wide range of elements in place

In three Groups

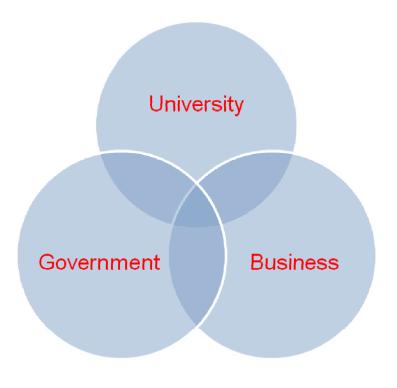
- University
- Business
- Government

These elements are universal

Some are essential; some just help; Leadership... Stories... Resources

It is difficult..

But then no-one said it was easy.





Conclusions – How Isis Works

- Universities
 - Technology Transfer is a good thing
 - Part of University purpose; may make money for University and researchers
 - It does not happen on its own
 - You need to invest resources in People, Patent budget, Proof-of-Concept
 - You need a policy framework
 - Who owns the inventions; who shares the rewards
 - It takes a long time ... So start and do not stop.
- Business
 - Access to technologies, resources and expertise
 - Help understand universities
 - Help your business innovate
- Investors
 - Source of investment opportunities
 - Home for entrepreneurs
- Government
 - Stimulates innovation and enterprise
 - Improves society



Vision for Isis

- Technology
- Innovation
- For People

- From Oxford and elsewhere
- Successful exploitation of new ideas
- Health & Wealth of Society



Greener Emission Fuels Silent & Clean Power Energy from Waste A New Steam Revolution



A Gambian infant is inoculated as part of a previous MRC study with the MVA85A vaccine.





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Dr Paul Whyte Managing Consultant Isis Enterprise



Technology Transfer Models: Examples

- Cambridge model
- In-house
- A limited company
- External incubator
- The pipeline or contracted out model



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TTO Models: The Cambridge Model – academics own their IP

- Quoted by economists in 'hindsight' as best practice economic development
- Based on individual academic's energy and drive
- Early 'laissez-faire' model
- Spreads reasonably quickly in best cases
- But does the research organisation benefit and can it be replicated?



The In-House Model – Departments within the University TTO + BDO

- A service provided and managed as part of the research organisation (often seen at modern PROs)
- Based on the body corporate approach
- Tends to concentrate on licensing and consultancy and tends to remain small
- Possibly most appropriate where organisational research capacity is more limited.
- The research organisation benefits?



Example: Oxford Brookes University – some recent figures

- A Research and Business Development Office RBDO
 - Development of research/ increase in consultancy
 - Increase KE/TT activities & income
- Research support 4 FTE: ~£5m research funding
- KE support £2.4m in HEIF funding for projects across OBU
 - Engagement with business
 - Development of enterprise skills
 - Income generated £3.67m
 - Supporting Knowledge Transfer Partnerships 6 ongoing
- TT support 2 FTE + consultancy
 - ~£600K revenue 2005-06
 - PoC funds for 12 projects ~£350K
 - 2 Patents, 2 licenses, progress on 2 spin-outs



The limited company model

- A growing reputation in the field
- Based on expert dedicated resource
 - E.g. KUIL Kingston University Innovations Ltd
 - SUEL Sheffield University Enterprises Ltd
 - Isis Innovation Ltd 1987
 - Cambridge Enterprise Ltd 2006
- Arms-length company with freedom to operate
- Replicable more and more UK universities are following this approach in
- Works best with a 'critical mass' of research.



The external incubator model

- Favoured by many UK funding bodies as 'transparent'
- Based on expert dedicated resource
- Can suffer from lack of ownership among academic community
- Very replicable



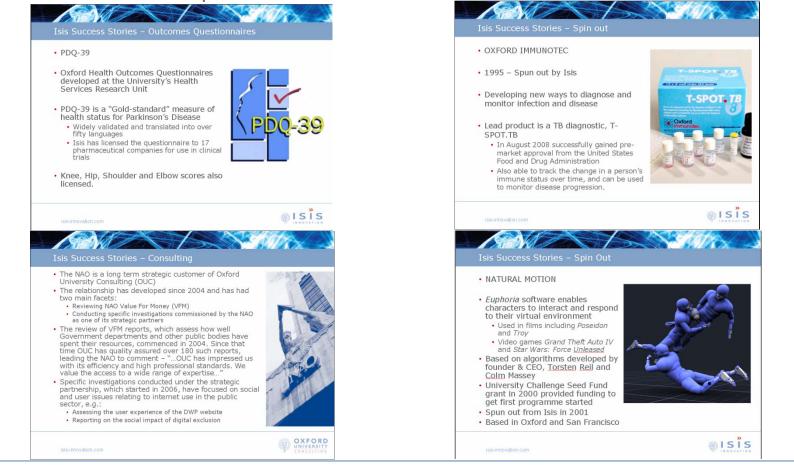
The pipeline or contracted out model

- A model of Private Public Partnerships (and hence a favourite of government)?
- Service from an expert resource but with many variations, e.g.:
 - Biofusion serves Universities of Sheffield and Cardiff
 - Pipeline agreements with Universities
 - Working with the TTO within the University
 - Selecting IP for spin-out
 - Investing or finding investment for Spin-outs
 - The IP group relationships of various forms with 10 Universities in UK
- The Research Organisation benefits?
 - Still early days
 - Readily available investor on hand but can tie down direction of activity





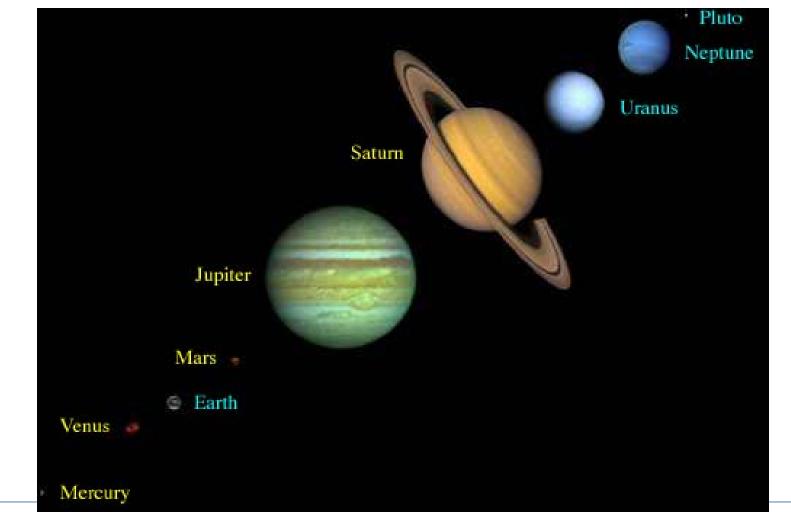
• The impact of Isis activities is seen through the take-up of new technologies and ideas that form the basis for new products and services.





Interplanetary Alignment

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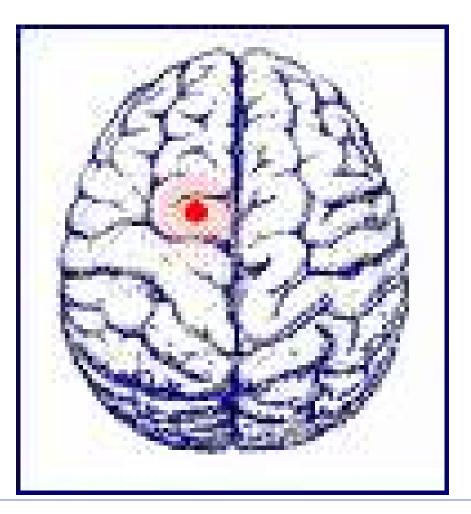
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Intellectual Property



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Oxford Spin-out Equity Management

- Formed in August 2008
- To manage the University's interests in its spin-out companies
- Two executives
 - Director Dr Chris Towler
 - Portfolio Manager James Mallinson
- Mission: "To add value to Oxford University's stakes in its spin-outs"
- Modus Operandi
 - Working closely with Isis Innovation
 - Maintaining relationships with the companies and their Boards
 - Understanding their business models, aspirations and challenges
 - Creating transparent processes by which University can effect its aims
 - Implementing chosen course of action
 - Reporting to University (balanced analysis of upsides and downsides)
- Shareholding Returns to University:
 - University 50%, Departments 25%, Research Fund 10%, Isis 15%



Oxford University Consulting

The consulting arm of Oxford University; a division of Isis Innovation

Purpose:

To provide clients access to the full breadth of research expertise available at the University of Oxford, in a way which protects the interests of clients, researchers and the University.

Benefits:

- Timely sourcing of specialist expertise...
- Single & professional contact point for all project/contractual matters throughout the lifecycle & beyond
- Contracts to protect all parties regarding: commercial confidentiality & IP ownership, conflicts of interest & PI

World-class expertise to enhance innovative capability...



OUC Helping Clients

- Identifying & sourcing world-class specialist expertise for:
 - Discrete problem solving
 - Providing an innovative challenge & new ideas
 - External review & assessment (e.g. advisory boards, due diligence)
 - Technical/professional coaching & development
 - Open innovation
 - Blue sky visioning, future thinking
- Providing testing services and scientific facilities to third parties using equipment owned by or based in the University
- Protecting the client's background IP and ensuring they own the arising IP
- Ensuring the consultants are covered by PI insurance & have no conflicts of interest



Clients Across All Sectors...

OUC counts amongst its clients:

- AstraZeneca
- BASF
- Bayer Schering Pharma
- BBC
- Becton Dickinson
- Capgemini
- GlaxoSmithKline

- Microsoft
- National Audit Office

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- Novartis
- Sharp Laboratories of Europe
- UN Development Programme
- Unilever



Isis Enterprise and the Carbon Trust

- In December 2006, Isis became a Low Carbon Incubator in partnership with the Carbon Trust.
- Isis offers support for early stage low carbon projects to anyone in the UK involved in developing low carbon technologies with commercial potential.
- We work with:
 - Individuals
 - Companies
 - Universities
 - Research Institutes



Making business sense of climate change



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Oxford Innovation Society

- Established by Isis in 1990 to foster University/business links
- An open innovation network
- Since 1990 over 100 companies have joined
- Companies pay an annual fee of £6,800 for membership
- Membership Benefits:
 - Ready access to the academics and University
 - Interactions with other Members, leaders in technology innovation
 - Advance notification of all marketed patent applications
 - Invitations to thrice-yearly meetings and dinners
 - Customised research presentations and seminars
 - Regular newsletters and portfolios



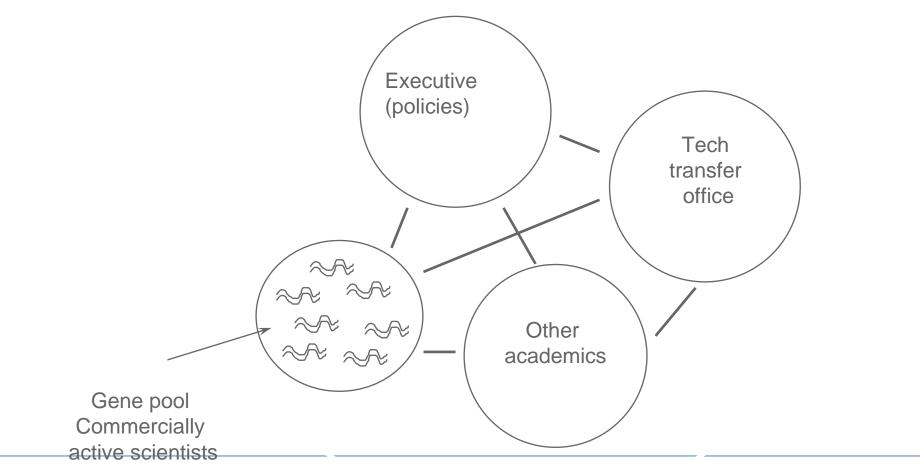
Oxford Centre for Entrepreneurship & Innovation

- Within the Saïd Business School
- Development of the Oxford Science Enterprise Centre, est. 2000
- Brings together innovators from across the world, as well as the high-tech companies based around Oxford
- Programmes
 - Building a Business
 - Medical Innovation
 - Oxford at Saïd Research in a Nutshell
- Activities
 - The SBS Venture Fund
 - 'Idea Idol' competition
 - 'Start a Company' Scheme
- Supports student society
 Oxford Entrepreneurs





One University [Thanks to Jeff Skinner, UCL]

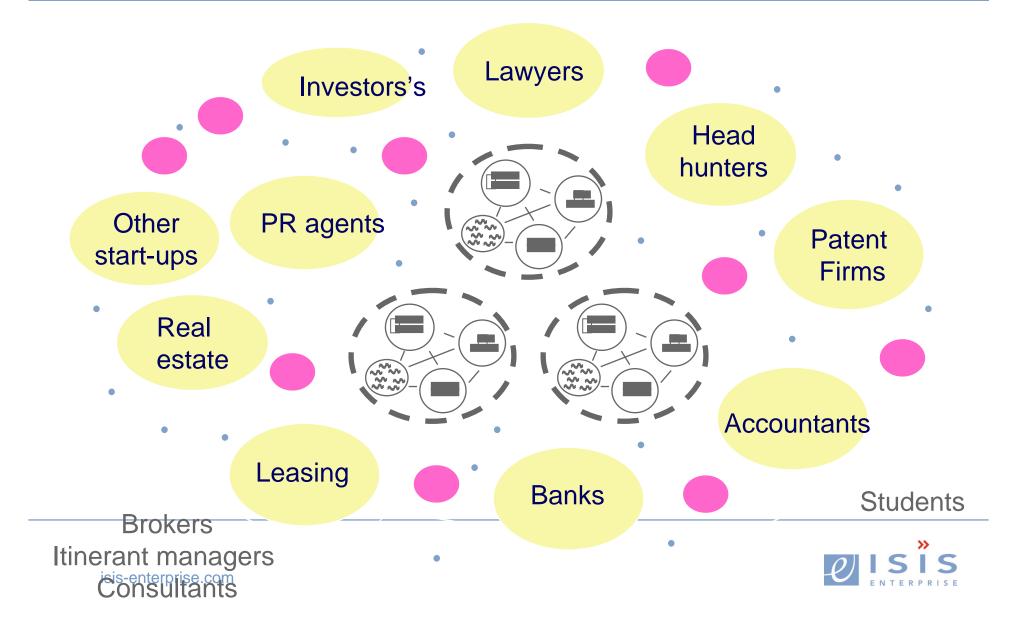




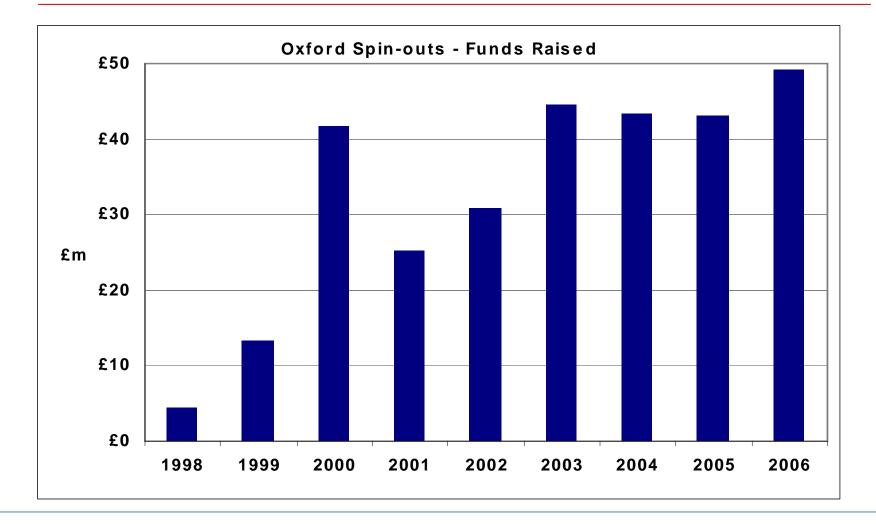
The Network culture

[Thanks to Jeff Skinner, UCL]

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Oxford spin-outs – Funds raised



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